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# MOONS' 

These are just a very few items out of our assortment of over 2000 kinds. We have Hardy Trees and Plants for Every Place and Purpose. If interested, send for our General Catalog and ask our help with your planting problems


Flowers of Abelia, or Bush Arbutus A Choice Summer-Flowering Shrub (Described Page 3)

## THE WM. H. MOON COMPANY Nurserymen

MORRISVILIE

Philadelipha Office
21 South Twelfth Street
ESTABLISHED 45 YEARS

PENNSYLVANIA
The Moon Nursery Corp. White Plains, N. Y.

#   <br> MOONS' RARE and UNUSUAL TREES and PLANTS 

WHILE the list of trees and shrubbery available for lawn decoration is very large, there has, through the too frequent use of a relatively few better known varieties, come to be a certain sameness in the lawns and gardens of one's acquaintance. To have a planting with individuality and distinctiveness, include some of the Rare and Unusual varieties offered here. Of course, you will want to include some of these in new plantings-but why not brighten up some of the unsatisfactory places in your existing shrubberies and groupings by the addition of some of these? You should get lots of enjoyment from them. Five or more plants of any one variety and size at the rate per 10.

## Evergreens

## VEITCH'S SILVER FIR

Abies veitchii. Scarcely any other evergreen presents such an attractive effect. The lustrous green needles are silvery white on the under surface and glisten beautifully in the sunlight.

4 to 5 ft .

| Each | Per 10 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 650$ | $\$ 6000$ |

## BLUE VIRGINIA CEDAR

Juniperus virginiana; var. Glauca. Beautiful blue glaucous foliage that is conspicuous at all seasons of the year. One of the best evergreens of this color. Columnar in outline and of fairly quick growth.

| Each | Per 10 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 500$ | $\$ 4500$ |

## CEDAR OF LEBANON

Cedrus libani. Interesting because of its associations with sacred writings and biblical places. Develops into a broad, irregular tree of picturesque appearance. Sufficiently hardy to be successfully grown as far north as New York or Boston when planted in protected places and properly cared for when young.
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { Each } & \text { Per } 10 \\ \$ 350 & \$ 3250\end{array}$

## FALSE YEW

Cephalotaxus fortunei. The great beauty of this tree is in the dark rich, green color of the foliage. A tree of medium size which can be used almost the same as an evergreen shrub.

$2 \frac{1}{2}$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$| Each |
| ---: |
| $\$ 400 \quad$Per 10 <br> $\$ 3500$ |

## CYPRESS OR CUPRESSUS

Beautiful, compact growing trees of rather conical outline. Everyone who sees these trees for the first time expresses a fondness for them. The foliage is of an attractive glaucous tint and their neat, erect habit of growth is quite in contrast to other evergreens. The two varieties here listed differ only slightly in their general appearance. They are both suited for southern plantings, but in protected localities are hardy as far north as New York City.
Cupressus lawsoniana; var. Allumi.

| Each |
| :--- |
| 3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ |
| $\$ 500$ | | Per 10 |
| ---: |
| $\$ 4500$ |

Cupressus lawsoniana; var. Veitchii glauca. A trifle more open in its nature of growth.
Each Per 10

3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ \$ 500 ~ \$ 4500$

## CONICAL SPRUCE

Picea excelsa; var. Conica. Although similar to the common Norway Spruce in many ways, this tree is rather more compact and more conical in outline. Especially desirable where a symmetrical tree of large proportions is wanted.

Each<br>Per 10<br>\$3 50<br>$\$ 3250$

4 to 5 ft .

## JAPANESE SPRUCE

Picea polita. Distinguished by its light green color and by its very rigid needles. It develops into an attractive symmetrical specimen.


## JAPANESE TABLE PINE

Pinus densiflora; var. Tanyosho. This rather dwarf evergreen develops into unusual proportions, usually being much broader than its height. The needles are long and of a light green color. A splendid tree for the Japanese garden, or it can be effectively used wherever a tree of this outline is wanted.

$2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . x 3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} \ldots \ldots . . . .$| Each |
| ---: |
| $\$ 1000$ | | Per 10 |
| ---: |
| $\$ 8500$ |

## JAPANESE CYPRESS

Retinospora obtusa; var. Acuta. A splendid narrow, upright growing variety. The frond-like arrangement of the leaves is quite distinctive, making it a choice evergreen.

| Each | Per 10 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 400$ | $\$ 3500$ |

## DWARF JAPANESE YEW

Taxus cuspidata; var. Brevifolia. Each year there is an increasing demand for this tree. It combines the beautiful dark green foliage of the Yews and is hardy enough to withstand the cold of our New England winters. It is slow growing, of low spreading nature and usually rather irregular in outline.

$$
\text { Each Per } 10
$$

$1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft ...... $\$ 350 \quad \$ 3000$

## AMERICAN YEW

Taxus canadensis. Our native representative of the Yew family. It is a prostrate shrub having attractive dark green foliage. It is one of the few evergreens that can be successfully grown in shady places and promises to be a popular garden plant.

Each Per 10 $1_{4}^{1}$ to $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$........... .
\$1 50
$\$ 1250$

## REID'S ARBORVITA

Thuya occidentalis; var. Reidii. One of the best upright growing Arborvitaes. Grows more bushy at the base, is really conical in outline and generally quite compact and symmetrical. Very desirable lawn tree.
5 to 6 ft .
Each Per 10
$\$ 500 \quad \$ 4500$


The Dwarf Japanese Yew is one of the best of all Evergreens

## RED FLOWERING JAPANESE AZALEA

Azalea hinode-giri. An artist once said that red did not harmonize with any other color. Perhaps he was right, but be that as it may, nearly everyone is fond of a red flower. This Azalea is literally covered in the spring with a multitude of bloom and is an especially choice plant that does well in either sunlight or partial shade. We suggest this Azalea's liberal use at the front of Rhododendron plantings in localities south of New York City, where it will be found hardy. Each Per 10 1 to $1 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{ft}$., bushy

## LAVENDER FLOWERING JAPANESE AZALEA

Azalea rosmarinifolia; var. Narcissiflora. A remarkable plant with double flowers of a deep lilac or lavender color that appear early in May. The autumn coloring of the foliage is in tones of scarlet. More hardy than the other Japanese Azaleas, which should be a factor in bringing this beautiful plant to the front as a decorative shrub for our lawns.


## SCOTCH HEATHER

Calluna vulgaris; var. Alba. A very handsome low evergreen shrub that bears a profusion of small pinkish-white flowers in late summer. Well suited for borders of evergreen shrubbery or for covering dry sandy slopes. Prefers a sunny location.
Thuyopsis standishii. A beautiful evergreen indigenous to the Pacific coast. Of rather loose open habit of growth and the individual twigs droop gracefully, although the general appearance of the tree is pyramidal in outline.

$$
\text { Each Per } 10
$$

4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . \$ 600 \quad \$ 5500$

Thuya "Little Gem." This is the most dwarfgrowing evergreen that we offer. An especially choice little tree of compact growth and of rather spreading nature.
$S$ to 12 inches broad:

| Each | Per 10 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 175$ | $\$ 1350$ |

## CAROLINA HEMLOCK

Tsuga carolina. A rare tree which is native of the Southern Appalachians, although hardy in the northern states. Similar in nature to the common Hemlock, it presents a far more attractive appearance, and is destined to be one of our best native evergreens for permanent plantings.

$$
\text { Each Per } 10
$$

4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . \$ 800 \quad \$ 7250$


Azalea Hinode-giri-a mass of bright red flowers in May. Described above.


## PROSTRATE COTONEASTER

Cotoneaster horizontalis. A low, prostrate shrub, with small glossy leaves that remain evergreen all year. Has attractive red berries in the autumn. A choice plant for the rockery, or to group on terraces.
$1 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.

## SMALL-LEAVED COTONEASTER

Cotoneaster microphylla. An attractive dwarf shrub, suitable for rockery planting, although equally effective for decorating banks and terraces. Small, bright red berries decorate it in the autumn.

$1 \frac{1}{4}$ to $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$| Each |
| :---: |$\quad$| Per 10 |
| :--- |
| $\$ 600$ |

## JAPANESE EUONYMUS

Euonymus japonica. An erect growing shrub with glossy green foliage, and bright green bark. Can be planted in full sunlight or partial shade. In the latitude of New York it is sometimes slightly hurt by the winter, but should be more generally used further south.
used further south.

$1 \frac{1}{4}$ to $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. | Each |
| ---: |
| $\$ 75$ | | Per 10 |
| :---: |
| $\$ 600$ |

## VARIEGATED JAPANESE EUONYMUS

Euonymus japonica; var. Argentea. The foliage of this variety has silver markings, and is especially valuable for producing color contrasts in a mixed planting of Evergreen Shrubs. Its nature adapts it to southern plantings best, and prefers well-drained soil. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft .

Each
Per 10 \$1 50 \$12 50

## ENGLISH LAUREL

Prunus schipkaensis zabeliana. The assortment of broad-leaved Evergreens which can be grown in the latitude of New York is rather limited, and any new shrub that can be planted here makes a welcome addition to the list. This shrub which adds so much to the beauty of the gardens of England does fairly well in sheltered places south of New York City.

$$
1 \frac{1}{2} \text { to } 2 \mathrm{ft} .
$$

Each
Per 10
275
$\$ 2500$

## WINTER BERRY

Ilex glabra. A native plant that is just beginning to come into general use. It has oval Evergreen leaves, similar in general appearance to Boxwood. With proper care and an occasional shearing this would be almost as valuable for gardening work as the Boxwood.
$1 \frac{1}{4}$ to $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \begin{array}{r}\text { Each } \\ \left.\$ 265 \quad \begin{array}{l}\text { Per } 10 \\ \$ 2300\end{array}\right)\end{array}$

## Deciduous Trees

## GLOBE NORWAY MAPLE

Acer platanoides; yar. Globosa. The foliage is of the same rich dark green color as the parent type. It is of compact growth and with an occasional shearing produces a symmetrical appearance, making it valuable for formal planting. Much more distinctive than the Catalpa bungeii, which it should supercede where a tree of that type is wanted.
6 to 8 ft . stems.
Each
Per 10
2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. dia. of hd.. . $\$ 400$
$\$ 3500$

## PYRAMIDAL BIRCH

Betula alba; var. fastigiata. A very choice tree when something of this type is desired. The nature of growth is quite similar to the Lombardy Poplar, but it is of far better quality and much more depenable.

8 to 10 ft .

| Each | Fer 10 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 300$ | $\$ 2750$ |

## JAPANESE FLOWERING DOGWOOD

Cornus kousa. A tree of medium size that is quite rare and destined to become very popular after it is known. Its general appearance, as to growth and flowers, is similar to our native Dogwood. Its principal value lies in the fact that its season of bloom is in the month of June or July, and it is a real treat and source of pleasure to have one of these Dogwoods in flower on your lawn at that time. Each Per 10 4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} . .$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 2.75$ \$22 50


Flowers of Ja panese Dogwood

## RIVER'S PURPLE BEECH

Fagus sylvatica; var. Riversii. The foliage of this tree is perhaps the darkest and most brilliant of any possessing this coloring. By many people it is pronounced one of the choicest lawn trees for individual planting. It eventually develops into symmetrical outlines, while the color gives a pleasing contrast with the other trees in the landscape. Each Per 10 5 to 6 ft.. . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 225$ \$20 00

## FERN-LEAVED BEECH

Fagus sylvatica; var. Heterophylla. Has distinctive foliage that is deeply and delicately cut. The tree is closely branched and develops into a symmetrical specimen which usually looks best when allowed to retain its lower branches. Presents an effect quite different from other trees and makes an interesting addition to the lawn.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Each } & \text { Per } 10 \\
\$ 225 & \$ 2000
\end{array}
$$

4 to 5 ft .

## PINK FLOWERING HALL'S MAGNOLIA

Magnolia stellata; var. Rosea. In flowering trees there is nothing more popular than the Magnolias. Some varieties are now getting quite common, but this sort is rarely offered. It blooms very early in the spring, and the color of its flowers is a delicate shade of pink. A choice tree suited for either a large or small lawn.
$\begin{array}{cc}\text { Each } & \text { Per } 10 \\ \$ 850 & \$ 7000\end{array}$



Let the lower branches grow on the Fern-leaved Beech, then you get this beautiful effect. Described, page 4.

## SWAMP WHITE OAK

Quercus bicolor. The White Oaks, although of rather slow growth, are among our most desirable long-lived trees for general lawn planting. This variety thrives in either dry or moist locations, and deserves more general appreciation.

|  | Each | Per 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 to 8 ft . | . $\$ 200$ | \$1600 |
| 8 to 10 ft ., $1 \frac{1}{4}$ to $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. | 250 | 2000 |

## MOSSY CUP OAK

Quercus macrocarpa. Of massive open growth with large heavy leaves, and deeply corrugated bark. The cups of the large acorns are curiously fringed as with gray moss which gives the name to this, one of the noblest of the Oaks.
Each Per 10

10 to 12 ft ., $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \mathrm{in} . . . . . . . .$. . . $\$ 300$ \$26 00

## KADSURA TREE

Cercidiphyllum japonica. Although this small bushy tree has been offered by nurserymen for years, few people as yet have learned of its beauty. It is of medium size, and considered by many to be one of the best introductions from Japan. The leaves have a purplish tinge when they unfold, are green during the summer, and turn bright yellow and partially scarlet in the autumn. Its outline and general appearance give a pleasing contrast to other trees.

| Each | Per 10 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 250$ | $\$ 2000$ |



A beautiful specimen of the Cork Tree, Phellodendron sacchalinense. It will grow in your yard just as well as in China, its native home.



A flowering branch of the Japan Pagoda Tree, attractive for its dark green leaves-doubly so when its flowers are in bloom.
the proportions of a rather large shrub, but in time develops into a small-sized shade tree. It has dark green compound leaves that are quite attractive. The pea-shaped flowers are not produced until the tree is several years old, and are quite ornamental during the summer months.

| 硣 | Each | Per 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 to 6 ft . | \$150 | \$1250 |
| 7 to 8 ft . | 250 | 2000 |

## OAK-LEAVED MOUNTAIN ASH

Sorbus aucuparia; var. Quercifolia. An upright growing tree of rather pyramidal outline having deeply lobed leaves that resemble the foliage of the Oak. An interesting lawn specimen.

6 to $8 \mathrm{ft} \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots .$\begin{tabular}{r}
Each <br>
$\$ 125$

 

Per 10 <br>
$\$ 1000$
\end{tabular}

## PYRAMIDAL ELM

Ulmus campestris; var. Monumentalis. We offer some unusually fine specimens of this attractive tree. The trunks are straight, the tops being of rather a cone shape, and branching about 6 feet from the ground. They are just the thing to give a formal avenue effect on either side of a short garden walk.
18 to 20 ft ., 5 to 6 in .
Each
$\$ 2000$

## Deciduous Shrubs

## SUMMER LILAC

Buddleia, or Butterfly Bush, are other names given these shrubs, and the latter name is especially applicable because quantities of these insects are attracted to these shrubs during their season of bloom. A shrub of recent introduction, that is particularly valuable because of its season of bloom, which is during the summer months when few other shrubs are in flower. They are quite rare, and worthy of being included in all shrub collections. Thrive best in open, sunny locations and are hardy as far north as New York City. The tops will sometimes winter-kill, but this is not especially injurious, because the plants will grow more vigorously and flower more freely after the dead tops are trimmed off early in the spring.

Buddleia variabilis; var. Veitchii. The flowers come in terminal spikes and last for quite a long time. They are of a deep lilac color and will prove to be a very ornamental feature of your garden.

Each
Per 10 Vigorous plants. \$ $75 \quad \$ 600$


Deep lilac in color, the flower racemes of Buddleia variabilis, or Summer Lilac, will brighten the border during late summer.
var. Vietchii magnifica. The flower spikes of this variety are often 20 inches or more in length. They, too, are of a deep lilac color, perhaps a little more brilliant than the preceding kind. A most interesting and ornamental plant.

$$
\text { Each Per } 10
$$

Vigorous plants...\$ 75 \$600

## PINK FLOWERING JAPANESE QUINCE

The Japanese Quince, known by many people as "Japonica," is one of the most popular old-fashioned garden shrubs. In this variety we have a plant that grows very much the same, but varies principally in the flowers, which are of a bright pink color. You will certainly enjoy the blooms which come in the spring.

$$
3 \text { to } 4 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . \begin{gathered}
\text { Each } \\
75
\end{gathered} \underset{\text { Per } 10}{\$ 550}
$$

## SWEET PEPPER BUSH

Clethra alnifolia. A sturdy native shrub with dark green lustrous foliage. Thrives in moist places, and is valuable for naturalistic effects. Its principal value is its white flowers which are very fragrant, and scent the atmosphere during the summer evenings.

[^0]
## CORRESPONDENCE BLANK

To THE WM. H. MOON CO., Morrisville, Pa.
Gentlemen :
Having received your booklet, "Rare and Unusual Plants," and as I have not received your general catalogue of Moons' Hardy Trees and Plants, I am checking this blank in the manner that denotes my desire to receive a copy.
(Mark cross here if catalogue is desired) :
Remarks about planting I am interested in :

# ORDER SHEET FOR "MOONS' RARE AND UNUSUAL PLANTS," 1917 

OUR TERMS. Cash with order, excepting to persons who satisfy us as to their financial responsibility, and then payment for full amount of invoice must be made within thirty days from date thereof. Persons unknown to us who seek credit will be assured of quicker delivery if they supply financial references when ordering.

PACKING AND SHIPPING. No charge is made for packing or for delivery to the freight depots or express offices from which we ship. Freight and express charges are to be paid by the purchaser. Plain and explicit shipping directions should be given with every order, naming mode and route for forwarding, otherwise we will use our own judgment; but upon delivery to railroad, steamboat or express companies our responsibility ceases.

GUARANTEE AND CLAIMS. Stock is guaranteed true to name and up to grade and quality ordered. After leaving our nurseries in good condition we do not guarantee the life of our stock, excepting for advanced rates and upon prearranged conditions of sale. Claims for shortage, poor arrival of shipments, and others of whatever nature, must be presented within ten days after the arrival of consignment.

To THE WM. H. MOON COMPANY, MORRISVILLE, PENNA.
Subject to your terms as given above I desire to order the list of stock specified below, for which enclosed find. in payment. (If desirous of opening an account, please supply references.)

Purchaser's Name
Street Address $\qquad$
Town
County
State
Shipping Address.
Freight Station County State $\qquad$
Express Office. County. State
Route or Mode of Shipment Preferred.
Do not write letter on this Order Sheet NO ORDER FILLED FOR LESS THAN ONE DOLLAR
5 or more Plants of any one size and variety at the rate per 10



## DECIDUOUS TREES




## DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

| Summer Lilac, var. Veitchii, Vigorous Plants | \$0 75 | \$600\$ | \$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Summer Lilac, var. Veitchii magnifica, <br> Vigorous Plants | 075 | 600 |  |  |
| Pink Flowering Japanese Quince, 3 to 4 ft . | 075 | 550 |  |  |
| Sweet Pepper Bush, 3 to 4 ft . | 060 | 500 |  |  |
| Regel's Privet (Per 100, \$20.00), 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. | 035 | 250 |  |  |
| Regel's Privet (Per 100, $\$ 32.50$ ), 3 to 4 ft . | 060 | 450 |  |  |
| Wax Myrtle, $\quad 1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . | 050 | 400 |  |  |
| Indian Cherry, 3 to 4 ft . | 075 | 500 |  |  |
| Dwarf Red Flowering Spirea, $\quad 1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . | 050 | 400 |  |  |
| Douglas Spirea, 3 to 4 ft . | 040 | 300 |  |  |
| Tamarix Germanica, 3 to 4 ft . | 040 | 300 |  |  |
| Dwarf Viburnum, 8 to 12 in . | 035 | 250 |  |  |
| Round-leaved Viburnum, 2 to 3 ft . | 075 | 600. |  |  |
| Wright's Viburnum, 3 to 4 ft . | 100 | 750. |  |  |
| New Boston Ivy, var. Lowii, $\quad$ Potted plants, 4 -in. pots | 060 | 500 |  |  |
| Japanese Spurge, Potted plants, 3-in. pots | 150 | 1200 |  |  |
| Additional Varieties wanted |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
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$\frac{\mathrm{O}}{\mathrm{M}} \mathrm{O} \quad \mathrm{N}, \mathrm{S} \quad \mathrm{S} \quad \mathrm{H} \quad \mathrm{R} \quad \mathrm{U} \quad \mathrm{B} \quad \mathrm{S}$

## REGEL'S PRIVET

## Ligustrum ibota; var.

 Regelianum. This is really not a new plant, but has just recently come into general use as a hedge plant, and as it possesses so many good qualities for this purpose, we have thought it worthy to have a place in this list. Although botanically it belongs to the Privet family, it should not be confused with the more erect halfhardy formal type. It has a graceful drooping nature of growth, and the leaves color up brilliantly in the autumn. There are also ornamental fruits. A shrub that can be depended upon to thrive under rather adverse conditions, and produce an attractive appearance whether used in a shrub border, for foundation planting, or for hedges. More hardy and dependble than the Califoria

Fragrant flowers of the Sweet Pepper Bush, Clethra Alnifolia. Described, page 6.

## INDIAN CHERRY

Rhamnus caroliniana. This is really not a cherry, although the Indians probably gave it that name because of the similarity of its fruit to the edible fruit of the Cherries. Native throughout our southern states where it develops into a mediumsized tree. Late in the summer it produces quantities of bright red berries which are very attractive and make it a choice ornamental plant.

Each Per 10 3 to 4 ft .. . . $\$ 75$ \$5 00

## DWARF RED FLOWERING SPIREA

## Spirea bumalda; var.

 Walluf. For many years now Spirea Anthony Waterer has been one of the most popular dwarf shrubs. This variety is closely related, and while similar in its nature of growth and general effect, it has more desirable flowers. They are of a brighter shade of red, and preferable to the more faded out color of Spirea Anthony Waterer. Blooms throughout the summer when few other shrubs are in flower.$1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft .
Each
Per 10
WAX MYRTLE, OR BAYBERRY
Myrica cerifera. One of our native plants which so attractively decorates our northern Atlantic coast line, and is the shrub of Bayberry Candle fame. It has attractive dark green leaves, but its principal value lies in the fact that it thrives near salt water, and grows well in sandy or gravelly soils, where it is; difficult to get other shrubs established.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Each } & \text { Per } 10 \\
\$ 50 & \$ 400
\end{array}
$$

## DOUGLAS SPIREA

Spirea douglasii. An upright growing shrub that is valued principally for its flowers. They are of a deep pink color, and are borne in terminal spikes during the month of July. The color harmonizes well with other plants in a border, and it is a plant that would be appreciated if it were more generally used.

Each
Per 10
3 to 4 ft .
$\$ 40$
\$3 00


[^1]

Always evergreen, Pachysandra is the ideal ground cover for shaded places and where the soil is not too impoverished. So planted it will succeed where grass will not. Described below.

## A SHRUB WITH INDIVIDUALITY

Tamarix germanica. A shrub with fine, feathery, bluish-green foliage. Late in the summer it produces quantities of beautiful delicate pink flowers. A shrub which does well in alkali soils, also thrives near the seashore, where it is difficult to get many shrubs to grow.

Each Per 10 3 to 4 ft .
\$ 40
$\$ 300$

DWARF VIBURNUM
Viburnum opulus; var. Nana. This little plant is exceptionally dwarf, seldom growing over eighteen to twenty-four inches high. This makes it suited for use as an edging, and it could be employed for such plantings in northern latitudes where Boxwood is not dependably hardy. There are no flowers of any consequence, but the foliage is of a dark green color that is retained throughout the season, and the plant is not particular about the soil in which it grows.

| Each | Per 10 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 35$ | $\$ 250$ |

## ROUND-LEAVED VIBURNUM

Viburnum tomentosum; var. Rotundifolium. This shrub is one of the single flowering Japanese Snowballs, which has white flowers in May or June. The leaves are quite broad, nearly round, and of a green color. In the fall when the leaves take on their autumnal coloring there is a mingling of green, scarlet, and crimson, that makes this one of the prettiest shrubs at that season. Develops into a fairly large specimen of good proportions.

[^2]
## WRIGHT'S VIBURNUM

Viburnum wrightii. The number of shrubs with ornamental red fruits is small, so this makes a welcome addition. In May and June there are single white flowers, which later produce large clusters of berries that are of a brilliant red color during the month of September. A handsome shrub for individual or group planting.

3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$| Each |
| :--- |
| $\left.\$ 100 \quad \begin{array}{l}\text { Per } 10 \\ \$ 750\end{array}\right)$ |

## NEW BOSTON IVY

Ampelopsis veitchii; var. Lowii. The Boston Ivy is the vine that clings so tenaciously, and whose leaves turn a brilliant red in autumn. This new variety has the same good qualities, and differs principally in the size and shape of the leaves. They are much smaller and more deeply and delicately cut. A vine of distinctive character that produces a delicate tracery on stone or brickwork.

|  | Each | Per 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Potted plants, 4-in. pots | \$ 60 | \$500 |

## JAPANESE SPURGE

Pachysandra terminalis. An evergreen ground cover that fills a long-felt need for something to decorate shady spots, where it is difficult to get grass to grow. This little plant grows about six to eight inches high, and has rich, glossy green foliage that is very ornamental. It grows rather slowly; but if planted reasonably close together, they will, in a few years, completely cover the ground and will help in making all parts of your lawn attractive. Per 10 Per 100 Potted plants, 3-in. pots. . . . . . . . \$1 50 \$1200


[^0]:    3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} \quad \begin{gathered}\text { Each } \\ \$ 60 \\ \$ 500\end{gathered}$

[^1]:    Every hedge of Regel's Privet should have this same graceful individuality. It is a satisfactory hedge plant where the California Privet is not hardy. Described above.

[^2]:    2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \begin{gathered}\text { Each } \\ \$ 75\end{gathered} \begin{aligned} & \text { Per } 10 \\ & \$ 600\end{aligned}$

